

Report A-2017-003

February 3, 2017

**Nalcor Energy** 

**Summary:** 

The Applicant requested from Nalcor Energy records relating to the Muskrat Falls hydroelectric generation project. Nalcor denied the request in full, relying on section 35 of the *ATIPPA*, 2015 (disclosure harmful to the financial or economic interests of a public body); on section 5.4 of the *Energy Corporation Act* (records of commercially sensitive information); and on the assertion that part of the request was for information already provided to the Applicant. The Applicant filed a complaint with this Office. The Commissioner found that Nalcor Energy was entitled to refuse to disclose the information on all of the above grounds, and recommended that Nalcor Energy continue to withhold the information.

**Statutes Cited:** 

Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 2015, SNL 2015, c. A 1.2, ss.21, 22, 35;

Energy Corporation Act, SNL 2007 c. E-11.01, s.5.4.

## I BACKGROUND

- [1] The Applicant submitted a request under the Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 2015 ("the ATIPPA, 2015" or "the Act") to Nalcor Energy ("Nalcor") for the following records relating to the Muskrat Falls hydroelectric generation project:
  - Public Utilities Board Muskrat Falls Review Nalcor Confidential Exhibits:
    - a) CE 65 Gate 2 Capital Cost Estimate Report Muskrat Falls Generation Facility;
    - b) CE 67 Project Control Schedule;
  - 2. Public Utilities Board Muskrat Falls Review Abridged and/or Redacted Exhibits:
    - a) A complete un-redacted copy of CE 51 (R1)(public) Overview of Decision Gate 2 Capital Cost and Schedule Estimates; and
    - b) A complete un-redacted copy of CE 52 (R1)(Public) Technical Note Strategic Risk Analysis and Mitigation;
  - 3. The specific information relied on by Nalcor in its calculation for labour for Decision Gate 3, including the estimation in terms of labour force required for the Project, type/number and skill of labour, the labour productivity on site, the performance factors, the labour man/hours quantities and wage rates; and
  - 4. The specific information relied on by Nalcor in its assessment of labour required for construction of the work for the CH0007 contract, including the estimation in terms of labour force required for the Project, type/number and skill of labour, the labour productivity on site, the performance factors, the labour man/hours quantities and wage rates.
- [2] Nalcor responded denying the request in full. With respect to requests 1 and 2, Nalcor relied on the exceptions in paragraphs 35(1)(f), 35(1)(g) and 35(1)(h) of the ATIPPA, 2015 and subsection 5.4(1) of the Energy Corporation Act ("ECA"). With respect to requests 3 and 4, Nalcor stated that they are repeat requests that had already been addressed. The Applicant was not satisfied with the response and filed a complaint with this Office.
- [3] As efforts to resolve the complaint informally were unsuccessful, the complaint was referred to formal investigation in accordance with subsection 44(4) of the *ATIPPA*, 2015.



## II NALCOR ENERGY'S POSITION

- [4] With respect to requests 1 and 2 above, Nalcor refused access in accordance with paragraphs 35(1)(f), 35(1)(g) and 35(1)(h) of the *ATIPPA*, 2015, arguing that the disclosure of the information would be harmful to the economic interests of Nalcor and of the Province. Nalcor also claimed that the information is commercially sensitive information, as defined in section 5.4(1) of the *ECA*, that if released would (i) harm the competitive position of Nalcor and the Province, (ii) interfere with the negotiating position of Nalcor and the province, and (iii) result in financial loss or harm to Nalcor and the Province.
- [5] With respect to requests 3 and 4 above, Nalcor stated that they are, in essence, identical to items 11 and 14 of a previous access request by the same applicant. That request PB/102/2016, was submitted earlier this year and was the subject of a complaint to this Office that was settled by informal resolution.

# **III COMPLAINANT'S POSITION**

- The Complainant argues that Nalcor has not properly applied the claimed exceptions to access. With respect to requests 1 and 2, the Complainant argues that the cost estimates were prepared specifically for the Muskrat Falls project, and will not be relevant to any future project, so that the cited *ATIPPA*, 2015 exceptions do not apply. In addition, the Complainant argues that while the requested information may be "commercially sensitive" within the meaning of the *ECA*, it will not be relevant to any future project, and Nalcor has not shown how its disclosure could cause the harm claimed under section 5.4.
- [7] With respect to requests 3 and 4, the Complainant argues that the wording of the present requests differs significantly from the requests in items 11 and 14 of PB/102/2016, and that in any case the records provided in response to items 11 and 14 were not responsive to the request and therefore remain outstanding.

## IV DECISION

## Requests 1 and 2

- [8] The issues with respect to requests 1 and 2 involve the application of section 35 of *ATIPPA*, 2015 and section 5.4 of the *ECA*. Section 35 addresses disclosures harmful to the financial or economic interests of a public body:
  - 35. (1) The head of a public body may refuse to disclose to an applicant information which could reasonably be expected to disclose

. . .

- (f) positions, plans, procedures, criteria or instructions developed for the purpose of contractual or other negotiations by or on behalf of the government of the province or a public body, or considerations which relate to those negotiations;
- (g) information, the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to prejudice the financial or economic interest of the government of the province or a public body; or
- (h) information, the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to be injurious to the ability of the government of the province to manage the economy of the province.
- [9] Nalcor relies first on paragraph 35(1)(f), which concerns records developed for the purpose of contractual or other negotiations. The Complainant argues that the cost estimates were prepared specifically for the Muskrat Falls project, and will not be relevant to any future project. Nalcor points to another potential hydroelectric project at Gull Island, which is in a similar location on the same river and to which similar considerations would likely apply. More immediately, there are parts of this ongoing project at Muskrat Falls for which contracts have not yet been awarded, as well as current contracts that may need to be renegotiated.
- [10] In my view, while the records responsive to requests 1 and 2 were created initially for the negotiations that took place at the beginning of the Muskrat Falls project, they directly affect ongoing negotiations, and would likely impact negotiations around the potential future project. This is enough to satisfy the requirements of paragraph 35(1)(f) which does not require evidence of harm.



- [11] Nalcor also relied on paragraph 35(1)(g) which concerns records the disclosure of which could prejudice the financial interests of the province. Nalcor argues that a disclosure of these records would limit its ability to negotiate the best possible agreements for the project. Nalcor points out that it is wholly owned by the province, and argued that financial prejudice to Nalcor would result in the kind of financial or economic prejudice to the province that is contemplated by paragraph 35(1)(g). I agree.
- [12] Similarly, Nalcor relies on paragraph 35(1)(h), which concerns disclosures injurious to the ability of the government to manage the economy of the province. Nalcor refers to the well-known fact that the provincial government is facing financial difficulties. The province is funding the cost of the Muskrat Falls project, which is currently estimated to be approximately \$11.4 billion. This is around 7 times the projected provincial deficit of \$1.6 billion for 2016. It is evident that any harm to Nalcor's ability to limit further costs on this very large and costly project would negatively impact the ability of the government to manage the provincial economy within the meaning of section 35(1)(h). In perhaps what is the province's direst financial situation since Confederation and perhaps 1933, it is difficult to contemplate anything other than an injurious outcome to the government's ability to manage the economy if Nalcor's own struggles to date were compounded by the disclosure of these records.
- [13] Finally, Nalcor has invoked the provisions of section 5.4 of the ECA in response to requests 1 and 2. The relevant provisions of section 5.4 read as follows:
  - 5.4 (1) Notwithstanding section 7 of the Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 2015, in addition to the information that shall or may be refused under Part II, Division 2 of that Act, the chief executive officer of the corporation or a subsidiary, or the head of another public body,
    - (a) may refuse to disclose to an applicant under that Act commercially sensitive information of the corporation or the subsidiary; and
    - (b) shall refuse to disclose to an applicant under that Act commercially sensitive information of a third party where the chief executive officer of the corporation or the subsidiary to which the requested information relates, taking into account sound and fair business practices, reasonably believes



- (c) that the disclosure of the information may
  - (i) harm the competitive position of,
  - (ii) interfere with the negotiating position of, or
  - (iii) result in financial loss or harm to the corporation, the subsidiary or the third party; or
- (d) that information similar to the information requested to be disclosed
  - (i) is treated consistently in a confidential manner by the third party, or
  - (ii) is customarily not provided to competitors by the corporation, the subsidiary or the third party.
- (2) Where an applicant is denied access to information under subsection (1) and a request to review that decision is made to the commissioner under section 42 of the Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 2015, the commissioner shall, where he or she determines that the information is commercially sensitive information,
  - (a) on receipt of the chief executive officer's certification that he or she has refused to disclose the information for the reasons set out in subsection (1); and
  - (b) confirmation of the chief executive officer's decision by the board of directors of the corporation or subsidiary,

uphold the decision of the chief executive officer or head of another public body not to disclose the information.

- [14] I must first determine, under subsection (2) whether the information in question is "commercially sensitive information" within the meaning of paragraph 2(b.1) of the ECA:
  - (b.1) "commercially sensitive information" means information relating to the business affairs or activities of the corporation or a subsidiary, or of a third party provided to the corporation or the subsidiary by the third party, and includes
  - (i) scientific or technical information, including trade secrets, industrial secrets, technological processes, technical solutions, manufacturing processes, operating processes and logistics methods,
  - (ii) strategic business planning information,



- (iii) financial or commercial information, including financial statements, details respecting revenues, costs and commercial agreements and arrangements respecting individual business activities, investments, operations or projects and from which such information may reasonably be derived,
- (iv) information respecting positions, plans, procedures, criteria or instructions developed for the purpose of contractual or other negotiations by or on behalf of the corporation, a subsidiary or a third party, or considerations that relate to those negotiations, whether the negotiations are continuing or have been concluded or terminated,
- (v) financial, commercial, scientific or technical information of a third party provided to the corporation or a subsidiary in confidence,
- (vi) information respecting legal arrangements or agreements, including copies of the agreement or arrangements, which relate to the nature or structure of partnerships, joint ventures, or other joint business investments or activities,
- (vii) economic and financial models used for strategic decision making, including the information used as inputs into those models, and
- (viii) commercial information of a kind similar to that referred to in subparagraphs (i) to (vii);
- [15] It is abundantly clear that the records themselves fall into the very broad category of "commercially sensitive information" within the meaning of section 2 of the ECA, particularly paragraph (iv) (information developed for the purpose of negotiations).
- [16] Given this finding and Nalcor's compliance with the requirements of paragraph 5.4(2)(a) and (b), I have no discretion to do otherwise than to uphold the CEO's decision. Even if I could find that the *ECA* did not allow Nalcor to withhold the records, I have already found that the records can be withheld pursuant to section 35 of the *ATIPPA*, 2015.
- [17] For all of the above reasons it is my opinion that Nalcor is entitled to refuse to disclose the records in requests 1 and 2.



## Requests 3 and 4

- [18] Nalcor assessed Requests 3 and 4 to be repeated requests for the same information that was the subject of an earlier access request by the Complainant. Nalcor refers to items 11 and 14 of the access request in file PB/102/2016, which was the subject of a complaint to this Office on June 20, 2016. That complaint was resolved informally, by agreement of the parties, on September 19, 2016.
- [19] The Complainant argues that the wording of requests 3 and 4 in the present matter "differs substantially" from the wording in items 11 and 14 of the previous request.
- [20] I have closely examined the wording of the current requests and compared them with the requests previously made in PB/102/2016 (specifically items 11 and 14 of that earlier request) and while there are differences in the wording of the requests the essence of the requests is the same. Records responsive to each request are the same. Requests 3 and 4 are therefore "repeat requests".
- [21] The previous complaint file was resolved in the informal investigation phase by a written agreement mediated by this Office. Pursuant to that agreement the Complainant agreed to accept Nalcor's provision of specific links to websites containing the records as a satisfactory response to items 11 and 14 of that request.
- [22] While the Complainant initially experienced some difficulty in accessing the links provided by Nalcor, that problem was subsequently rectified, and this Office confirmed that the records were accessible. I am satisfied that those same records are the records that would be responsive to items 3 and 4 of the present request, and those records have already been provided to the Complainant.
- [23] Repetitiveness is not an enumerated exception in the *ATIPPA*, 2015 that a public body can reply upon to withhold records from an applicant. Repetitiveness can however form the basis for a public body to seek approval from the Commissioner pursuant to section 21(1)(c)(ii) to disregard a request. Applications to disregard must be filed by public bodies



within five (5) business days of receiving a request. No such application was made by Nalcor regarding items 3 and 4 of the Applicant's request. Had Nalcor made that application, approval to disregard would have been granted for items 3 and 4.

[24] When legal reality and unequivocal common sense collide surely the latter may occasionally prevail. In this case the repetitive information in question was provided less than five (5) months ago and is publicly available via the internet. As such, I decline to recommend that Nalcor disclose again records that have already been provided.

#### V CONCLUSION

[25] In summary, I conclude that Nalcor is entitled to refuse to disclose the records responsive to items 1 and 2 of the request on the basis of paragraphs 35(1)(f), (g) and (h) of the ATIPPA, 2015, and also on the basis of section 5.4 of the Energy Corporation Act. I also conclude that Nalcor does not have to provide the records responsive to items 3 and 4.

### VI RECOMMENDATIONS

- [26] Under the authority of section 47 of the *ATIPPA*, 2015 I recommend that Nalcor continue to withhold the records it originally withheld from the Complainant.
- [27] As set out in section 49(1)(b) of the *ATIPPA*, 2015, the head of Nalcor must give written notice of his or her decision with respect to these recommendations to the Commissioner and any person who was sent a copy of this Report (in this case the Complainant) within 10 business days of receiving this Report.
- [28] Please note that within 10 business days of receiving the decision of Nalcor under section 49, the Complainant may appeal that decision to the Supreme Court of Newfoundland and Labrador Trial Division in accordance with section 54 of the ATIPPA, 2015.



[29] Dated at St. John's, in the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador, this 3rd day of February, 2017.

Donovan Molloy, Q.C. Information and Privacy Commissioner Newfoundland and Labrador

